# ACIFKOGE

Koge is an interpretation of Shou Sugi Ban, the centuries-old Japanese method of working cedar wood by burning the surface which gives it a distinctive craquele look. The Kuro is the typical black color of the scorched cedar. The Shiro is its white partner. The Gurè is the wood after the scorched surface has been brushed off to reveal the wood grain underneath tinted grey by the ash which highlights its striations. Great attention has been paid to the surface texture, especially the craquele effect on the Kuro and Shiro, so the series has an interesting tactile element. The final effect is a look and feel of refined elegance.







Colors are intended as a guide only and may vary from actual tile. Sizes listed are nominal. Please check samples before making final selection and to get actual dimensions for layout. See reverse side for additional product information.

### Size - Rectified

8 x 48 AFKE--/848 4 x 12 AFKE--/412

\*Guré 4 x 12 arriving approximately end-March 2019.

### **Colors**

AFKEGE	Gurè (Grey)
AFKEKO	Kuro (Black)
AFKESO	Shiro (White)

### Trim

The surface bullnose is made from field tile that is ground and re-glazed.

AFKE-/SBN 4 x 12 Surface Bullnose (ETA mid-February 2019)

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Gurè (AFKEGE)



Kuro (AFKEKO)



Shiro (AFKESO)

## Usage

As with all inkjet lines, there are many different graphics that are mixed and packed randomly. To attain the proper mix of graphics and color it is important to pull from multiple boxes during installation, rotate pieces, and note the placement of the different images to get the proper final blend.

Koge is suitable for residential to moderate commercial applications.

### **Installation Information**

Most Italian manufacturers recommend a maximum offset of 8" (20cm) on all large format tiles when setting a running bond. Please refer to ANSI requirements for setting large format tiles, ANSI A 108.2 Section 4.3.8. There are special setting requirements and materials for large format tiles. Please refer to the TCNA Handbook and guidelines by your mortar manufacturer for more information. The minimum recommended grout joint for the  $4 \times 12$  is 3/32".

### We recommend using a tile leveling system to install this product

Before installing the tile you should:

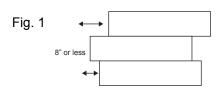
- Ensure the perfect planarity (flatness) of underlying floor base.
- Always double-check the quality of the tiles.
- When setting, tile should be only slightly staggered so that the ends of the tiles are within 8" or less from the ends of the corresponding staggered tile. (See figure 1)
- Staggered spacing does not need to be uniform, but should not exceed 8" recommendation.
- It is preferable to use a grouting material that matches the color of the tiles.

### **Technical Information**

Physical Properties	Norms	Value
Flexion Resistance	10545-04	>45 N/mm2
Flexion Resistance	10040-04	(average value)
Water Absorption	10545-03	≤0,10%
Frost Resistance	10545-12	No Damage
Resistance to Surface Abrasion	10545-07	Kuro PEI 3 Gure PEI 4 Shiro PEI 5
Slip Resistance	DIN51130	R9
** Dynamic (DCOF) Coefficient of Friction	DCOF	Wet ≥ 0.42







\*\*The Dynamic Coefficient of Friction is a general guide only. Testing may vary with different production runs and with different testing labs. As noted in the American with Disabilities Act (ADA) the coefficient of friction varies considerably due to facts not under the control of entities such as the manufacturers and distributors. These factors include, but are not limited to, contaminants, slope of terrain, drainage conditions, adjacent surfaces, etc. Suitability for any installation can only be determined by a site examination of all conditions that could affect the slip resistance of the tile being installed. Continual cleaning and maintenance must be performed once the tile has been installed. For more information see our current handout Americans with Disabilities Act and Slip Resistance of Tile.

MADE IN ITALY